Final Exam

9:00 am, May 1, 1985

Problem 1. (10 points)

Write a LOGO program to delete all occurences of the number 5 from a list. Assume the list is only one deep, that is, the list contains no sublists.

Problem 2. (5 points)

Using the following LOGO functions:

TO SQUARE : LEN

REPEAT 4 [FORWARD : LEN RIGHT 90]

END

TO TRIANGLE : LEN

REPEAT 3 [FORWARD : LEN RIGHT 120]

END

Draw the result of executing the following LOGO statements:

SQUARE 10

LEFT 120

TRIANGLE 10

Problem 3. (10 points)

Write a BASIC "function" (use GOSUB and RETURN) to add up the first ten elements of an array. State any assumptions you make about which variables are used to pass and return values.

Problem 4. (10 points)

Write a FORTRAN function to add up the first ten elements of an array.

Problem 5. (10 points)

Consider the following Pascal procedure P, with sub-procedures Q and R. Suppose P calls R which calls Q which recursively calls Q. Draw the stack during the second (recursive) call of Q. Be sure to show all the variables of the procedures.

Problem 6. (15 points)

List all the binding times you can think of associated with the variables (parameters) **x** and **y** in the following Pascal procedure header:

```
procedure P(x: integer; var y: integer) ;
```

Problem 7. (5 points)

Give an example of type coercion in Pascal.

Problem 8. (5 points)

Give an example of a LOGO operator that has a side effect.

Problem 9. (10 points)

Assume a variable R has been declared to be of type OddRecord defined in the following Pascal type defintion:

```
type OddRecord =
  record
    A: character;
    B: array[1..5] of array[2..6] of integer;
    C: array[2..3] of real;
end
```

Assuming that R.A is placed on the stack at location 1000, where is R.B[3,4] located? State any assumptions you make about the alignment and size of elementary data values.

Problem 10. (10 points)

Would you say that the following Pascal statements exhibit a "syntatic" error? Explain your reasons.

```
x := 0 ;

y := 5/x ;
```

Problem 11. (10 points)

Explain how you would simulate Pascal variant records in Fortran. Be brief, one paragraph should do.